Mallard Pass Solar panel farm Issue SpecificHearing4(ISH4)

Date 27.9.2023 By Pauline crampin IP 20033952

7 LAND USE AND SOILS

Proportionally is mentioned by applicants many times. This highlights the main problem that the farm is too big for the area and the developers who certainly don't want to spend the money on extras. However it is essential they do adequate archeological surveys and soil samples proportionate to the size of the site.

Maybe they should reduce the 2000 acres to a more manageable 200 acres making outlay more manageable but profits more modest.

Natural England, who's mantra is "To protect the English countryside "have confusingly passed these surveys. Fortunately, others are not so easily satisfied.

Removing so much BMV high quality arable land from the food chain goes against the government aims for self sufficiency in food production.

8 LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL

The Massive inefficient site has same perimeter as Rutland Water which is **22miles**. It will be an infringement on locals privacy to have so many security cameras on this vast length of fencing. Are they to deter human vandals or to check on the invading deer damage?

No visual presentations seem to be available so I have painted my vision of 1.5 metre panels and another with 3.3 metre panels which are now the selected size.

Please note the only developers sketch shows the panels grass high, which is a complete misrepresentation of the truth. Also included is a photo of the ineffective 5-year-old mitigating planting at Ryhal Substation.

Please see pictures forwarded on 26,27 September

9 BIODIVERSITY AND ECOLOGY

Biodiversity Net Gain has been achieved by the promise of many plantings of hedging and trees, which by necessity will be small twig hedging and small sapling trees. Unfortunately, it will be 10 years before useful habitat will be created and 20 years before the eyesore panels will be hidden. So it is an academic issue to identify planting for mitigation or enhancement as failed on both scores. Strangely Natural England has also agreed with the NET Gain, but we're not at the meeting to explain. I am most concerned that the 20 or so small woodlands on the 2000 acre site have been removed and so not counted in a survey of the existing habitat. My other concern is that the perimeter of the site has been shrunk away from the road so the large established hedging which is found along most of the roads and tracks has also been removed from the survey of the exiting rich diverse habitat. This is another act of misrepresentation by the developers, how else would they create BIODIVERSITY NET GAIN on this industrialisation of the countryside?

• 10 TRANSPORTATION AND TRAFFIC

Problem with construction lorries exiting A1 as the Casterton college

Is due to be rebuilt in 2 years ,thus creating more congestion. There is already a ban from the Holywell Quarry towards the site which would impact on Mallards construction lorries.

-

Mallard Pass Solar Panel Farm Issue SpecificHearing4(ISH4)

Date 27.9.2023 By Pauline crampin IP 20033952

ADDITIONAL NOTES RESPONDING TO APPLICANTS COMMENTS

- All interested parties agreed that not enough archaeological trial trenches had been dug. The applicant complains about the cost of more work but they must take consideration of the massive area they wish to develop and act responsibly, if they can't, they have no right to be leasing the land for such a land changing project.
- The applicants said that the archeological remains would be safer left undisturbed under solar panels rather than under the farmers' plough. This is incorrect because farmers no longer plough deeply because they use new methods of cultivating. This being the light touch of rilling in the old crop to a level of 6-9" leaving it to mulch and then over seeding. This is because it is quicker, cheaper and avoids excessive carbon loss from the soil. The old story of excessive chemical use is also wrong as farmers are heavily restricted by government legislation, more so than a keen gardener.
- It is a complete mystery how the 3.3 metre solar panels will be supported without pile driving down into the soil without damaging archeological remains.
- I also point out that the process of construction implied no damage will be done to the soil structure, will the machinery not run over the said grass or soil which will be compressed by the vehicles weight. How will this be rectified?
- The figure of the security perimeter fence being 22miles long needs increasing in the light of the fact that some 20 small woods embedded in the site, but not in the Biodiversity net LOSS, will all be fenced. If I understand correctly, there will be over 20 inter- connecting corridors for large mammals such as the deer herds, not to roam freely as they do now but to have right of passage, if they can work it out. These will be danger points for deer damage who have the power to smash a car and so will require fencing. As will all the existing and new right of ways. The whole site will be a crisis cross of fences if the applicant keeps to his word.

Thank you for being such an excellent fair chairperson, we feel you are listening to all sides in this terrible situation. A script of my aural contribution in the meeting is below.

7 LAND USE AND SOILS

Proportionally is mentioned by applicants many times. This highlights the main problem that the farm is too big for the area and the developers who certainly don't want to spend the money on extras. However it is essential they do adequate archeological surveys and soil samples proportionate to the size of the site.

Maybe they should reduce the 2000 acres to a more manageable 200 acres making outlay more manageable but profits more modest.

Natural England, who's mantra is "To protect the English countryside "have confusingly passed these surveys. Fortunately, others are not so easily satisfied.

Removing so much BMV high quality arable land from the food chain goes against the government aims for self sufficiency in food production.

• 8 LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL

The Massive inefficient site has same perimeter as Rutland Water which is **22miles**. It will be an infringement on locals privacy to have so many security cameras on this vast length of fencing. Are they to deter human vandals or to check on the invading deer damage?

No visual presentations seem to be available so I have painted my vision of 1.5 metre panels and another with 3.3 metre panels which are now the selected size.

Please note the only developers sketch shows the panels grass high, which is a complete misrepresentation of the truth. Also included is a photo of the ineffective 5-year-old mitigating planting at Ryhal Substation.

Please see pictures forwarded on 26,27 September

• 9 BIODIVERSITY AND ECOLOGY

Biodiversity Net Gain has been achieved by the promise of many plantings of hedging and trees, which by necessity will be small twig hedging and small sapling trees. Unfortunately, it will be 10 years before useful habitat will be created and 20 years before the eyesore panels will be hidden. So it is an academic issue to identify planting for mitigation or enhancement as failed on both scores. Strangely Natural England has also agreed with the NET Gain, but we're not at the meeting to explain. I am most concerned that the 20 or so small woodlands on the 2000 acre site have been removed and so not counted in a survey of the existing habitat. My other concern is that the perimeter of the site has been shrunk away from the road so the large established hedging which is found along most of the roads and tracks has also been removed from the survey of the exiting rich diverse habitat. This is another act of misrepresentation by the developers, how else would they create BIODIVERSITY NET GAIN on this industrialisation of the countryside?

• 10 TRANSPORTATION AND TRAFFIC

Problem with construction lorries exiting A1 as the Casterton college Is due to be rebuilt in 2 years ,thus creating more congestion. There is already a ban from the Holywell Quarry towards the site which would impact on Mallards construction lorries.

-



Dear Examining Office,

Reference to 9b Wednesday morning meeting on 27.9.23

Please display this ineffectual 5year old planting at Ryhall substation when Natural England attempt to tell the locals about the proposed bio diversity net gain. The developers may have the correct number of tree plantings to satisfy the matrix but where is the rich habitat? Should it give them permission to turn 2,000 acres into an industrialise glass scape in Lincolnshire and Rutland. Where is the common sense in such ruination of our countryside?





From: Pauline Crampin
To: Mallard Pass Solar

Subject: Developers artist impression of mallardsolar panel farm

Date: 27 September 2023 06:28:12

Dear sir,

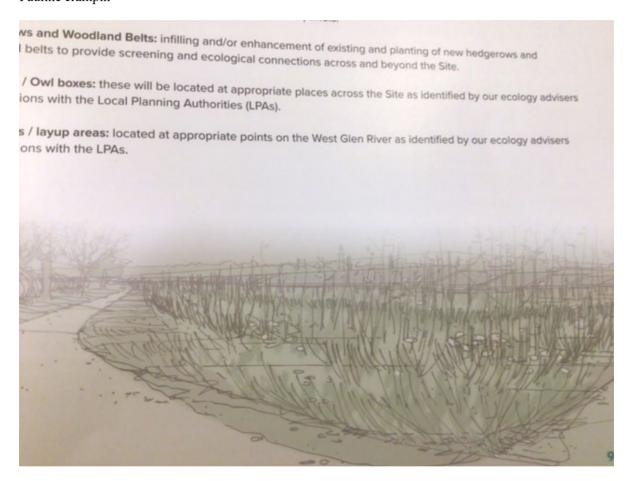
Sorry I failed to sign the photo of Ryhal substation previously sent.

Ref no 8C on agenda for 27.9.23

Please compare developers projected image to the public compared to my painting, which is more truthful.

2 photos to follow

Pauline crampin



Sent from my iPad

From: Pauline Crampin
To: Mallard Pass Solar

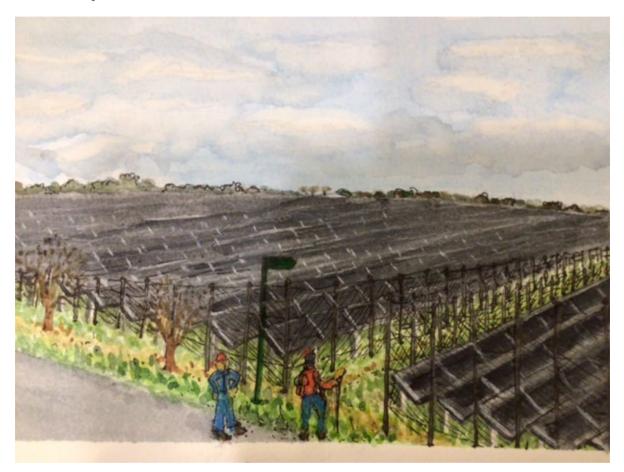
Subject: Artists impression of Mallard solar Date: 27 September 2023 06:36:44

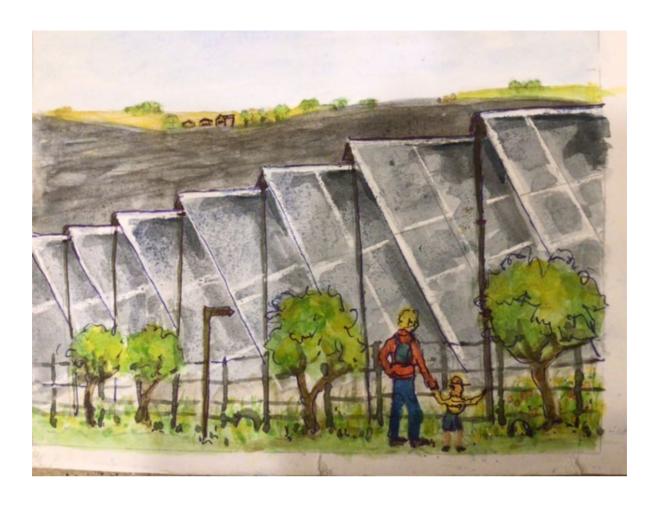
Dear sir,

As the. Developers have fail to produce any projected images of what we can expect I thought this would help people visualise the real impact on the beautiful rich environment we have here.

I would be grateful if they could be shown at number 8C on todays agenda.

Many thanks, Pauline Crampin





Sent from my iPad